**开源软件声明**

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| **开源软件名称** | **开源软件版本** | **许可证名称** | **开源软件的官网地址** |
| Odoo 15 | Community |  | https://www.odoo.com/ |
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# 软件名称及软件版本

Odoo 15 Community

# 版权声明

Copyright (c) 2004-2022 Odoo S.A.

# 许可证

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|  | Odoo is published under the GNU LESSER GENERAL PUBLIC LICENSE, Version 3 |
|  | (LGPLv3), as included below. Since the LGPL is a set of additional |
|  | permissions on top of the GPL, the text of the GPL is included at the |
|  | bottom as well. |
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|  | Some external libraries and contributions bundled with Odoo may be published |
|  | under other GPL-compatible licenses. For these, please refer to the relevant |
|  | source files and/or license files, in the source code tree. |
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|  | GNU LESSER GENERAL PUBLIC LICENSE |
|  | Version 3, 29 June 2007 |
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|  | Copyright (C) 2007 Free Software Foundation, Inc. <http://fsf.org/> |
|  | Everyone is permitted to copy and distribute verbatim copies |
|  | of this license document, but changing it is not allowed. |
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|  | This version of the GNU Lesser General Public License incorporates |
|  | the terms and conditions of version 3 of the GNU General Public |
|  | License, supplemented by the additional permissions listed below. |
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|  | 0. Additional Definitions. |
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|  | As used herein, "this License" refers to version 3 of the GNU Lesser |
|  | General Public License, and the "GNU GPL" refers to version 3 of the GNU |
|  | General Public License. |
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|  | "The Library" refers to a covered work governed by this License, |
|  | other than an Application or a Combined Work as defined below. |
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|  | An "Application" is any work that makes use of an interface provided |
|  | by the Library, but which is not otherwise based on the Library. |
|  | Defining a subclass of a class defined by the Library is deemed a mode |
|  | of using an interface provided by the Library. |
|  |  |
|  | A "Combined Work" is a work produced by combining or linking an |
|  | Application with the Library. The particular version of the Library |
|  | with which the Combined Work was made is also called the "Linked |
|  | Version". |
|  |  |
|  | The "Minimal Corresponding Source" for a Combined Work means the |
|  | Corresponding Source for the Combined Work, excluding any source code |
|  | for portions of the Combined Work that, considered in isolation, are |
|  | based on the Application, and not on the Linked Version. |
|  |  |
|  | The "Corresponding Application Code" for a Combined Work means the |
|  | object code and/or source code for the Application, including any data |
|  | and utility programs needed for reproducing the Combined Work from the |
|  | Application, but excluding the System Libraries of the Combined Work. |
|  |  |
|  | 1. Exception to Section 3 of the GNU GPL. |
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|  | You may convey a covered work under sections 3 and 4 of this License |
|  | without being bound by section 3 of the GNU GPL. |
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|  | 2. Conveying Modified Versions. |
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|  | If you modify a copy of the Library, and, in your modifications, a |
|  | facility refers to a function or data to be supplied by an Application |
|  | that uses the facility (other than as an argument passed when the |
|  | facility is invoked), then you may convey a copy of the modified |
|  | version: |
|  |  |
|  | a) under this License, provided that you make a good faith effort to |
|  | ensure that, in the event an Application does not supply the |
|  | function or data, the facility still operates, and performs |
|  | whatever part of its purpose remains meaningful, or |
|  |  |
|  | b) under the GNU GPL, with none of the additional permissions of |
|  | this License applicable to that copy. |
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|  | 3. Object Code Incorporating Material from Library Header Files. |
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|  | The object code form of an Application may incorporate material from |
|  | a header file that is part of the Library. You may convey such object |
|  | code under terms of your choice, provided that, if the incorporated |
|  | material is not limited to numerical parameters, data structure |
|  | layouts and accessors, or small macros, inline functions and templates |
|  | (ten or fewer lines in length), you do both of the following: |
|  |  |
|  | a) Give prominent notice with each copy of the object code that the |
|  | Library is used in it and that the Library and its use are |
|  | covered by this License. |
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|  | b) Accompany the object code with a copy of the GNU GPL and this license |
|  | document. |
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|  | 4. Combined Works. |
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|  | You may convey a Combined Work under terms of your choice that, |
|  | taken together, effectively do not restrict modification of the |
|  | portions of the Library contained in the Combined Work and reverse |
|  | engineering for debugging such modifications, if you also do each of |
|  | the following: |
|  |  |
|  | a) Give prominent notice with each copy of the Combined Work that |
|  | the Library is used in it and that the Library and its use are |
|  | covered by this License. |
|  |  |
|  | b) Accompany the Combined Work with a copy of the GNU GPL and this license |
|  | document. |
|  |  |
|  | c) For a Combined Work that displays copyright notices during |
|  | execution, include the copyright notice for the Library among |
|  | these notices, as well as a reference directing the user to the |
|  | copies of the GNU GPL and this license document. |
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|  | d) Do one of the following: |
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|  | 0) Convey the Minimal Corresponding Source under the terms of this |
|  | License, and the Corresponding Application Code in a form |
|  | suitable for, and under terms that permit, the user to |
|  | recombine or relink the Application with a modified version of |
|  | the Linked Version to produce a modified Combined Work, in the |
|  | manner specified by section 6 of the GNU GPL for conveying |
|  | Corresponding Source. |
|  |  |
|  | 1) Use a suitable shared library mechanism for linking with the |
|  | Library. A suitable mechanism is one that (a) uses at run time |
|  | a copy of the Library already present on the user's computer |
|  | system, and (b) will operate properly with a modified version |
|  | of the Library that is interface-compatible with the Linked |
|  | Version. |
|  |  |
|  | e) Provide Installation Information, but only if you would otherwise |
|  | be required to provide such information under section 6 of the |
|  | GNU GPL, and only to the extent that such information is |
|  | necessary to install and execute a modified version of the |
|  | Combined Work produced by recombining or relinking the |
|  | Application with a modified version of the Linked Version. (If |
|  | you use option 4d0, the Installation Information must accompany |
|  | the Minimal Corresponding Source and Corresponding Application |
|  | Code. If you use option 4d1, you must provide the Installation |
|  | Information in the manner specified by section 6 of the GNU GPL |
|  | for conveying Corresponding Source.) |
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|  | 5. Combined Libraries. |
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|  | You may place library facilities that are a work based on the |
|  | Library side by side in a single library together with other library |
|  | facilities that are not Applications and are not covered by this |
|  | License, and convey such a combined library under terms of your |
|  | choice, if you do both of the following: |
|  |  |
|  | a) Accompany the combined library with a copy of the same work based |
|  | on the Library, uncombined with any other library facilities, |
|  | conveyed under the terms of this License. |
|  |  |
|  | b) Give prominent notice with the combined library that part of it |
|  | is a work based on the Library, and explaining where to find the |
|  | accompanying uncombined form of the same work. |
|  |  |
|  | 6. Revised Versions of the GNU Lesser General Public License. |
|  |  |
|  | The Free Software Foundation may publish revised and/or new versions |
|  | of the GNU Lesser General Public License from time to time. Such new |
|  | versions will be similar in spirit to the present version, but may |
|  | differ in detail to address new problems or concerns. |
|  |  |
|  | Each version is given a distinguishing version number. If the |
|  | Library as you received it specifies that a certain numbered version |
|  | of the GNU Lesser General Public License "or any later version" |
|  | applies to it, you have the option of following the terms and |
|  | conditions either of that published version or of any later version |
|  | published by the Free Software Foundation. If the Library as you |
|  | received it does not specify a version number of the GNU Lesser |
|  | General Public License, you may choose any version of the GNU Lesser |
|  | General Public License ever published by the Free Software Foundation. |
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|  | If the Library as you received it specifies that a proxy can decide |
|  | whether future versions of the GNU Lesser General Public License shall |
|  | apply, that proxy's public statement of acceptance of any version is |
|  | permanent authorization for you to choose that version for the |
|  | Library. |
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|  | GNU GENERAL PUBLIC LICENSE |
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|  | Copyright (C) 2007 Free Software Foundation, Inc. <http://fsf.org/> |
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|  | of this license document, but changing it is not allowed. |
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|  | Preamble |
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|  | The GNU General Public License is a free, copyleft license for |
|  | software and other kinds of works. |
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|  | The licenses for most software and other practical works are designed |
|  | to take away your freedom to share and change the works. By contrast, |
|  | the GNU General Public License is intended to guarantee your freedom to |
|  | share and change all versions of a program--to make sure it remains free |
|  | software for all its users. We, the Free Software Foundation, use the |
|  | GNU General Public License for most of our software; it applies also to |
|  | any other work released this way by its authors. You can apply it to |
|  | your programs, too. |
|  |  |
|  | When we speak of free software, we are referring to freedom, not |
|  | price. Our General Public Licenses are designed to make sure that you |
|  | have the freedom to distribute copies of free software (and charge for |
|  | them if you wish), that you receive source code or can get it if you |
|  | want it, that you can change the software or use pieces of it in new |
|  | free programs, and that you know you can do these things. |
|  |  |
|  | To protect your rights, we need to prevent others from denying you |
|  | these rights or asking you to surrender the rights. Therefore, you have |
|  | certain responsibilities if you distribute copies of the software, or if |
|  | you modify it: responsibilities to respect the freedom of others. |
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|  | For example, if you distribute copies of such a program, whether |
|  | gratis or for a fee, you must pass on to the recipients the same |
|  | freedoms that you received. You must make sure that they, too, receive |
|  | or can get the source code. And you must show them these terms so they |
|  | know their rights. |
|  |  |
|  | Developers that use the GNU GPL protect your rights with two steps: |
|  | (1) assert copyright on the software, and (2) offer you this License |
|  | giving you legal permission to copy, distribute and/or modify it. |
|  |  |
|  | For the developers' and authors' protection, the GPL clearly explains |
|  | that there is no warranty for this free software. For both users' and |
|  | authors' sake, the GPL requires that modified versions be marked as |
|  | changed, so that their problems will not be attributed erroneously to |
|  | authors of previous versions. |
|  |  |
|  | Some devices are designed to deny users access to install or run |
|  | modified versions of the software inside them, although the manufacturer |
|  | can do so. This is fundamentally incompatible with the aim of |
|  | protecting users' freedom to change the software. The systematic |
|  | pattern of such abuse occurs in the area of products for individuals to |
|  | use, which is precisely where it is most unacceptable. Therefore, we |
|  | have designed this version of the GPL to prohibit the practice for those |
|  | products. If such problems arise substantially in other domains, we |
|  | stand ready to extend this provision to those domains in future versions |
|  | of the GPL, as needed to protect the freedom of users. |
|  |  |
|  | Finally, every program is threatened constantly by software patents. |
|  | States should not allow patents to restrict development and use of |
|  | software on general-purpose computers, but in those that do, we wish to |
|  | avoid the special danger that patents applied to a free program could |
|  | make it effectively proprietary. To prevent this, the GPL assures that |
|  | patents cannot be used to render the program non-free. |
|  |  |
|  | The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and |
|  | modification follow. |
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|  | TERMS AND CONDITIONS |
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|  | 0. Definitions. |
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|  | "This License" refers to version 3 of the GNU General Public License. |
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|  | "Copyright" also means copyright-like laws that apply to other kinds of |
|  | works, such as semiconductor masks. |
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|  | "The Program" refers to any copyrightable work licensed under this |
|  | License. Each licensee is addressed as "you". "Licensees" and |
|  | "recipients" may be individuals or organizations. |
|  |  |
|  | To "modify" a work means to copy from or adapt all or part of the work |
|  | in a fashion requiring copyright permission, other than the making of an |
|  | exact copy. The resulting work is called a "modified version" of the |
|  | earlier work or a work "based on" the earlier work. |
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|  | A "covered work" means either the unmodified Program or a work based |
|  | on the Program. |
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|  | To "propagate" a work means to do anything with it that, without |
|  | permission, would make you directly or secondarily liable for |
|  | infringement under applicable copyright law, except executing it on a |
|  | computer or modifying a private copy. Propagation includes copying, |
|  | distribution (with or without modification), making available to the |
|  | public, and in some countries other activities as well. |
|  |  |
|  | To "convey" a work means any kind of propagation that enables other |
|  | parties to make or receive copies. Mere interaction with a user through |
|  | a computer network, with no transfer of a copy, is not conveying. |
|  |  |
|  | An interactive user interface displays "Appropriate Legal Notices" |
|  | to the extent that it includes a convenient and prominently visible |
|  | feature that (1) displays an appropriate copyright notice, and (2) |
|  | tells the user that there is no warranty for the work (except to the |
|  | extent that warranties are provided), that licensees may convey the |
|  | work under this License, and how to view a copy of this License. If |
|  | the interface presents a list of user commands or options, such as a |
|  | menu, a prominent item in the list meets this criterion. |
|  |  |
|  | 1. Source Code. |
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|  | The "source code" for a work means the preferred form of the work |
|  | for making modifications to it. "Object code" means any non-source |
|  | form of a work. |
|  |  |
|  | A "Standard Interface" means an interface that either is an official |
|  | standard defined by a recognized standards body, or, in the case of |
|  | interfaces specified for a particular programming language, one that |
|  | is widely used among developers working in that language. |
|  |  |
|  | The "System Libraries" of an executable work include anything, other |
|  | than the work as a whole, that (a) is included in the normal form of |
|  | packaging a Major Component, but which is not part of that Major |
|  | Component, and (b) serves only to enable use of the work with that |
|  | Major Component, or to implement a Standard Interface for which an |
|  | implementation is available to the public in source code form. A |
|  | "Major Component", in this context, means a major essential component |
|  | (kernel, window system, and so on) of the specific operating system |
|  | (if any) on which the executable work runs, or a compiler used to |
|  | produce the work, or an object code interpreter used to run it. |
|  |  |
|  | The "Corresponding Source" for a work in object code form means all |
|  | the source code needed to generate, install, and (for an executable |
|  | work) run the object code and to modify the work, including scripts to |
|  | control those activities. However, it does not include the work's |
|  | System Libraries, or general-purpose tools or generally available free |
|  | programs which are used unmodified in performing those activities but |
|  | which are not part of the work. For example, Corresponding Source |
|  | includes interface definition files associated with source files for |
|  | the work, and the source code for shared libraries and dynamically |
|  | linked subprograms that the work is specifically designed to require, |
|  | such as by intimate data communication or control flow between those |
|  | subprograms and other parts of the work. |
|  |  |
|  | The Corresponding Source need not include anything that users |
|  | can regenerate automatically from other parts of the Corresponding |
|  | Source. |
|  |  |
|  | The Corresponding Source for a work in source code form is that |
|  | same work. |
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|  | 2. Basic Permissions. |
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|  | All rights granted under this License are granted for the term of |
|  | copyright on the Program, and are irrevocable provided the stated |
|  | conditions are met. This License explicitly affirms your unlimited |
|  | permission to run the unmodified Program. The output from running a |
|  | covered work is covered by this License only if the output, given its |
|  | content, constitutes a covered work. This License acknowledges your |
|  | rights of fair use or other equivalent, as provided by copyright law. |
|  |  |
|  | You may make, run and propagate covered works that you do not |
|  | convey, without conditions so long as your license otherwise remains |
|  | in force. You may convey covered works to others for the sole purpose |
|  | of having them make modifications exclusively for you, or provide you |
|  | with facilities for running those works, provided that you comply with |
|  | the terms of this License in conveying all material for which you do |
|  | not control copyright. Those thus making or running the covered works |
|  | for you must do so exclusively on your behalf, under your direction |
|  | and control, on terms that prohibit them from making any copies of |
|  | your copyrighted material outside their relationship with you. |
|  |  |
|  | Conveying under any other circumstances is permitted solely under |
|  | the conditions stated below. Sublicensing is not allowed; section 10 |
|  | makes it unnecessary. |
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|  | 3. Protecting Users' Legal Rights From Anti-Circumvention Law. |
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|  | No covered work shall be deemed part of an effective technological |
|  | measure under any applicable law fulfilling obligations under article |
|  | 11 of the WIPO copyright treaty adopted on 20 December 1996, or |
|  | similar laws prohibiting or restricting circumvention of such |
|  | measures. |
|  |  |
|  | When you convey a covered work, you waive any legal power to forbid |
|  | circumvention of technological measures to the extent such circumvention |
|  | is effected by exercising rights under this License with respect to |
|  | the covered work, and you disclaim any intention to limit operation or |
|  | modification of the work as a means of enforcing, against the work's |
|  | users, your or third parties' legal rights to forbid circumvention of |
|  | technological measures. |
|  |  |
|  | 4. Conveying Verbatim Copies. |
|  |  |
|  | You may convey verbatim copies of the Program's source code as you |
|  | receive it, in any medium, provided that you conspicuously and |
|  | appropriately publish on each copy an appropriate copyright notice; |
|  | keep intact all notices stating that this License and any |
|  | non-permissive terms added in accord with section 7 apply to the code; |
|  | keep intact all notices of the absence of any warranty; and give all |
|  | recipients a copy of this License along with the Program. |
|  |  |
|  | You may charge any price or no price for each copy that you convey, |
|  | and you may offer support or warranty protection for a fee. |
|  |  |
|  | 5. Conveying Modified Source Versions. |
|  |  |
|  | You may convey a work based on the Program, or the modifications to |
|  | produce it from the Program, in the form of source code under the |
|  | terms of section 4, provided that you also meet all of these conditions: |
|  |  |
|  | a) The work must carry prominent notices stating that you modified |
|  | it, and giving a relevant date. |
|  |  |
|  | b) The work must carry prominent notices stating that it is |
|  | released under this License and any conditions added under section |
|  | 7. This requirement modifies the requirement in section 4 to |
|  | "keep intact all notices". |
|  |  |
|  | c) You must license the entire work, as a whole, under this |
|  | License to anyone who comes into possession of a copy. This |
|  | License will therefore apply, along with any applicable section 7 |
|  | additional terms, to the whole of the work, and all its parts, |
|  | regardless of how they are packaged. This License gives no |
|  | permission to license the work in any other way, but it does not |
|  | invalidate such permission if you have separately received it. |
|  |  |
|  | d) If the work has interactive user interfaces, each must display |
|  | Appropriate Legal Notices; however, if the Program has interactive |
|  | interfaces that do not display Appropriate Legal Notices, your |
|  | work need not make them do so. |
|  |  |
|  | A compilation of a covered work with other separate and independent |
|  | works, which are not by their nature extensions of the covered work, |
|  | and which are not combined with it such as to form a larger program, |
|  | in or on a volume of a storage or distribution medium, is called an |
|  | "aggregate" if the compilation and its resulting copyright are not |
|  | used to limit the access or legal rights of the compilation's users |
|  | beyond what the individual works permit. Inclusion of a covered work |
|  | in an aggregate does not cause this License to apply to the other |
|  | parts of the aggregate. |
|  |  |
|  | 6. Conveying Non-Source Forms. |
|  |  |
|  | You may convey a covered work in object code form under the terms |
|  | of sections 4 and 5, provided that you also convey the |
|  | machine-readable Corresponding Source under the terms of this License, |
|  | in one of these ways: |
|  |  |
|  | a) Convey the object code in, or embodied in, a physical product |
|  | (including a physical distribution medium), accompanied by the |
|  | Corresponding Source fixed on a durable physical medium |
|  | customarily used for software interchange. |
|  |  |
|  | b) Convey the object code in, or embodied in, a physical product |
|  | (including a physical distribution medium), accompanied by a |
|  | written offer, valid for at least three years and valid for as |
|  | long as you offer spare parts or customer support for that product |
|  | model, to give anyone who possesses the object code either (1) a |
|  | copy of the Corresponding Source for all the software in the |
|  | product that is covered by this License, on a durable physical |
|  | medium customarily used for software interchange, for a price no |
|  | more than your reasonable cost of physically performing this |
|  | conveying of source, or (2) access to copy the |
|  | Corresponding Source from a network server at no charge. |
|  |  |
|  | c) Convey individual copies of the object code with a copy of the |
|  | written offer to provide the Corresponding Source. This |
|  | alternative is allowed only occasionally and noncommercially, and |
|  | only if you received the object code with such an offer, in accord |
|  | with subsection 6b. |
|  |  |
|  | d) Convey the object code by offering access from a designated |
|  | place (gratis or for a charge), and offer equivalent access to the |
|  | Corresponding Source in the same way through the same place at no |
|  | further charge. You need not require recipients to copy the |
|  | Corresponding Source along with the object code. If the place to |
|  | copy the object code is a network server, the Corresponding Source |
|  | may be on a different server (operated by you or a third party) |
|  | that supports equivalent copying facilities, provided you maintain |
|  | clear directions next to the object code saying where to find the |
|  | Corresponding Source. Regardless of what server hosts the |
|  | Corresponding Source, you remain obligated to ensure that it is |
|  | available for as long as needed to satisfy these requirements. |
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|  | e) Convey the object code using peer-to-peer transmission, provided |
|  | you inform other peers where the object code and Corresponding |
|  | Source of the work are being offered to the general public at no |
|  | charge under subsection 6d. |
|  |  |
|  | A separable portion of the object code, whose source code is excluded |
|  | from the Corresponding Source as a System Library, need not be |
|  | included in conveying the object code work. |
|  |  |
|  | A "User Product" is either (1) a "consumer product", which means any |
|  | tangible personal property which is normally used for personal, family, |
|  | or household purposes, or (2) anything designed or sold for incorporation |
|  | into a dwelling. In determining whether a product is a consumer product, |
|  | doubtful cases shall be resolved in favor of coverage. For a particular |
|  | product received by a particular user, "normally used" refers to a |
|  | typical or common use of that class of product, regardless of the status |
|  | of the particular user or of the way in which the particular user |
|  | actually uses, or expects or is expected to use, the product. A product |
|  | is a consumer product regardless of whether the product has substantial |
|  | commercial, industrial or non-consumer uses, unless such uses represent |
|  | the only significant mode of use of the product. |
|  |  |
|  | "Installation Information" for a User Product means any methods, |
|  | procedures, authorization keys, or other information required to install |
|  | and execute modified versions of a covered work in that User Product from |
|  | a modified version of its Corresponding Source. The information must |
|  | suffice to ensure that the continued functioning of the modified object |
|  | code is in no case prevented or interfered with solely because |
|  | modification has been made. |
|  |  |
|  | If you convey an object code work under this section in, or with, or |
|  | specifically for use in, a User Product, and the conveying occurs as |
|  | part of a transaction in which the right of possession and use of the |
|  | User Product is transferred to the recipient in perpetuity or for a |
|  | fixed term (regardless of how the transaction is characterized), the |
|  | Corresponding Source conveyed under this section must be accompanied |
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